**ДИСЦИПЛИНА: «Иностранный язык»**

Тест

Вариант 4.

ФИО студента

Дата выполнения «\_\_\_\_» \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_\_\_\_г.

Оценка \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Дата проверки «\_\_\_\_» \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_\_г.

Преподаватель \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Вопрос 1. If I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here, I will come to see you.**

**Вопрос 2. Government agencies enforce employment standards codified \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ labour law.**

**Вопрос 3. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) Labour rights have been integral to the social and economic development since the Industrial Revolution.

B) Labor rights has been integral to the social and economic development since the Industrial Revolution.

**Вопрос 4. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) There is capital punishment for some crimes.

B) Do you often walk in areas which are not very safe?

**Вопрос 5. Criminal law is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the state.**

**Вопрос 6. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) No man can be judged a criminal until he found guilty.

B) In the eye of the law, every man is innocent whose crime has not been proved.

**Вопрос 7. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) A city dweller needs shelter from cold and heat and theft.

B) A city dweller needs shelter cold and heat and theft.

**Вопрос 8. Individual labour law refers to job \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, health safety or a minimum wage.**

**Вопрос 9. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) In general, legal systems can split between civil law and common law systems.

B) The sources that jurisdictions adopt as authoritatively binding the defining features of any legal system.

**Вопрос 10. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) Most of the air you breathe is recycled so you will possibly catch a cold or flu from one of the other passenger.

B) Everyone need to drink more in the air, but you shouldn’t drink alcohol because it makes you even thirstier.

 Вопрос 11. Education in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sense is the process by which, society deliberately transmits its accumulated knowledge, skills and values from one generation to another.

**Вопрос 12. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) Many people do not find it easy read the laws.

B) But ignorance of the law is never a defense for breaking it.

**Вопрос 13. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) In most legal systems a distinction is made between land and other kinds of property.

B) Sometimes land is called real estate in contrast personal estate.

**Вопрос 14. Why did he decide \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a report at once?**

**Вопрос 15. Has he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a mistake today?**

**Вопрос 16. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our best yesterday.**

 Вопрос 17. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?

A) Secondary education (from 11 to 16 years of age) is the stage of education following primary school. B) Secondary education (from 11 to 16 years of age) is the stage education following primary school.

**Вопрос 18. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) What breakable thing are there on your table?

B) Is his handwriting readable?

**Вопрос 19. Верна ли грамматическая конструкция в данных предложениях?**

A) Crimes can be thought of as acts which the state considers being wrong and which can be punished by the state.

B) There are some acts which are crimes in one country but not in another.

**Вопрос 20. A person who governs the country is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**